March 1995 Revised April 2003

# FAIRCHILD

SEMICONDUCTOR

# 74LCX138 Low Voltage 1-of-8 Decoder/Demultiplexer with 5V Tolerant Inputs

#### **General Description**

The LCX138 is a high-speed 1-of-8 decoder/demultiplexer. This device is ideally suited for high-speed memory chip select address decoding. The multiple input enables allow parallel expansion to a 1-of-24 decoder using just three LCX138 devices or a 1-of-32 decoder using four LCX138 devices and one inverter.

The 74LCX138 is fabricated with advanced CMOS technology to achieve high speed operation while maintaining CMOS low power dissipation.

## Features

- 5V tolerant inputs
- 2.3V to 3.6V V<sub>CC</sub> specifications provided
- $\blacksquare$  6.0 ns t\_{PD} max (V\_{CC} = 3.3V), 10  $\mu A$  I\_{CC} max
- Power down high impedance inputs and outputs
- ±24 mA output drive ( $V_{CC} = 3.0V$ )
- Implements patented noise/EMI reduction circuitry
- Latch-up performance exceeds 500 mAESD performance:
- Human body model > 2000V
- Machine model > 200V
- Leadless DQFN package

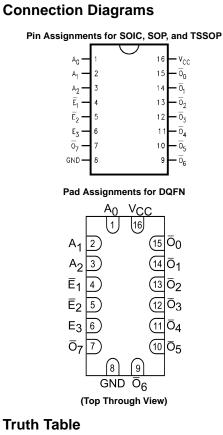
## **Ordering Code:**

Order Number	Package Number	Package Description
74LCX138M	Mumber M16A	16-Lead Small Outline Integrated Circuit (SOIC), JEDEC MS-012, 0.150" Narrow
74LCX138SJ	M16D	16-Lead Small Outline Package (SOP), EIAJ TYPE II, 5.3mm Wide
74LCX138BQ (Preliminary)	MLP016E (Preliminary)	16-Terminal Depopulated Quad Very-Thin Flat Pack No Leads (DQFN), JEDEC MO-241, 2.1 x 3.5mm
74LCX138MTC	MTC16	16-Lead Thin Shrink Small Outline Package (TSSOP), JEDEC MO-153, 4.4mm Wide

Devices also available in Tape and Reel. Specify by appending suffix letter "X" to the ordering code.

© 2003 Fairchild Semiconductor Corporation DS012417

# 74LCX138



#### **Pin Descriptions**

Pin Names	Description
A <sub>0</sub> -A <sub>2</sub>	Address Inputs
$A_0 - A_2$ $\overline{E}_1 - \overline{E}_2$	Enable Inputs
E <sub>3</sub>	Enable Input
$\overline{O}_0 - \overline{O}_7$	Outputs

## **Functional Description**

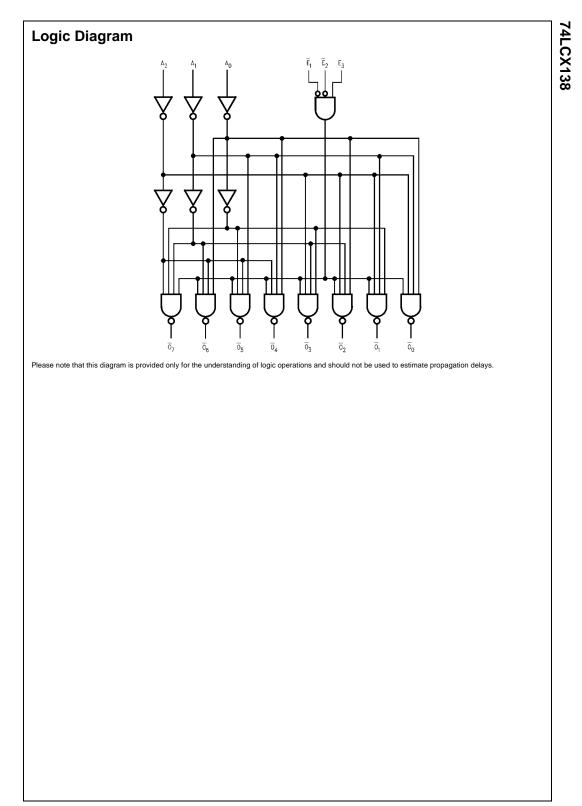
The LCX138 high-speed 1-of-8 decoder/demultiplexer accepts three binary weighted inputs (A\_0, A\_1, A\_2) and, when enabled, provides eight mutually exclusive active-LOW outputs  $(\overline{O}_0 - \overline{O}_7)$ . The LCX138 features three Enable inputs, two active-LOW  $(\overline{E}_1, \overline{E}_2)$  and one active-HIGH  $(E_3)$ . All outputs will be HIGH unless  $\overline{E}_1$  and  $\overline{E}_2$  are LOW and  $\overline{E}_3$ is HIGH. The LCX138 can be used as an 8-output demultiplexer by using one of the active LOW Enable inputs as the data input and the other Enable inputs as strobes. The Enable inputs which are not used must be permanently tied to their appropriate active-HIGH or active-LOW state.

#### **Truth Table**

		Inputs								Out	puts			
	E <sub>1</sub>	E <sub>2</sub>	E <sub>3</sub>	A <sub>0</sub>	A <sub>1</sub>	A <sub>2</sub>	00	01	02	03	04	05	06	07
	Н	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Н	Н	Н	Н	Н	Н	Н	Н
	Х	н	Х	Х	Х	Х	н	н	н	н	н	н	н	Н
	Х	Х	L	Х	Х	Х	н	н	н	н	н	н	н	Н
	L	L	н	L	L	L	L	н	н	н	н	н	н	н
	L	L	н	н	L	L	н	L	н	н	н	н	н	н
	L	L	н	L	н	L	н	н	L	н	н	н	н	н
	L	L	н	н	н	L	н	н	н	L	н	н	н	н
	L	L	н	L	L	н	н	н	н	н	L	н	н	н
	L	L	н	н	L	н	н	н	н	н	н	L	н	Н
	L	L	н	L	н	н	н	н	н	н	н	н	L	Н
	L	L	н	н	н	н	н	н	н	н	н	н	н	L
HIGH Volta	ae Level		l			l			l			l	l	

H = HIL = LOW Voltage Level

X = Immaterial



# 74LCX138

### Absolute Maximum Ratings(Note 1)

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Conditions	Units				
V <sub>CC</sub>	Supply Voltage	-0.5 to +7.0		V				
VI	DC Input Voltage	-0.5 to +7.0		V				
Vo	DC Output Voltage	–0.5 to V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.5	Output in HIGH or LOW State (Note 2)	V				
I <sub>IK</sub>	DC Input Diode Current	-50	V <sub>I</sub> < GND	mA				
I <sub>OK</sub>	DC Output Diode Current	-50	V <sub>O</sub> < GND	mA				
		+50	$V_{O} > V_{CC}$	111/ \				
lo	DC Output Source/Sink Current	±50		mA				
I <sub>CC</sub>	DC Supply Current per Supply Pin	±100		mA				
I <sub>GND</sub>	DC Ground Current per Ground Pin	±100		mA				
T <sub>STG</sub>	Storage Temperature	-65 to +150		°C				

# Recommended Operating Conditions (Note 3)

Symbol	Parameter	Parameter			Units	
V <sub>CC</sub>	Supply Voltage	2.0	3.6	V		
		Data Retention	1.5	3.6	v	
VI	Input Voltage		0.0	5.5	V	
Vo	Output Voltage	HIGH or LOW State	0.0	V <sub>CC</sub>	V	
I <sub>OH</sub> /I <sub>OL</sub>	Output Current	$V_{CC} = 3.0V \text{ to } 3.6V$		±24.0		
		$V_{CC} = 2.7V$ to $3.0V$		±12.0	mA	
		$V_{CC} = 2.3V$ to 2.7V		±8.0		
T <sub>A</sub>	Free-Air Operating Temperature		-40.0	85.0	°C	
$\Delta t / \Delta V$	Input Edge Rate, $V_{IN} = 0.8V$ to 2.0V, $V_{CC} = 3.0V$		0.0	10.0	ns/V	

Note 1: The Absolute Maximum Ratings are those values beyond which the safety of the device cannot be guaranteed. The device should not be operated at these limits. The parametric values defined in the Electrical Characteristics tables are not guaranteed at the Absolute Maximum Ratings. The "Recommended Operating Conditions" table will define the conditions for actual device operation.

Note 2: I<sub>O</sub> Absolute Maximum Rating must be observed.

Note 3: Unused inputs must be held HIGH or LOW. They may not float.

# **DC Electrical Characteristics**

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	V <sub>cc</sub>	$T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $+85^{\circ}C$		Units
Symbol	Farameter	Conditions	(V)	Min	Max	Units
√ <sub>IH</sub>	HIGH Level Input Voltage		2.3 to 2.7	1.7		V
			2.7 to 3.6	2.0		v
V <sub>IL</sub>	LOW Level Input Voltage		2.3 to 2.7		0.7	V
			2.7 to 3.6		0.8	v
V <sub>ОН</sub>	HIGH Level Output Voltage	I <sub>OH</sub> = -100 μA	2.3 to 3.6	V <sub>CC</sub> - 0.2		
		I <sub>OH</sub> = -8 mA	2.3	1.8		
		$I_{OH} = -12 \text{ mA}$	2.7	2.2		V
		I <sub>OH</sub> = -18 mA	3.0	2.4		
		$I_{OH} = -24 \text{ mA}$	3.0	2.2		
V <sub>OL</sub>	LOW Level Output Voltage	I <sub>OL</sub> = 100 μA	2.3 to 3.6		0.2	
		I <sub>OL</sub> = 8mA	2.3		0.6	V
		I <sub>OL</sub> = 12 mA	2.7		0.4	
		I <sub>OL</sub> = 16 mA	3.0		0.4	
		I <sub>OL</sub> = 24 mA	3.0		0.55	
l	Input Leakage Current	$0 \le V_I \le 5.5V$	2.3 to 3.6		±5.0	μA
OFF	Power-Off Leakage Current	$V_{I} \text{ or } V_{O} = 5.5 V$	0.0		10.0	μA
cc	Quiescent Supply Current	$V_I = V_{CC}$ or GND	2.3 to 3.6	2.3 to 3.6		
		$3.6V \le V_1 \le 5.5V$	2.3 to 3.6		±10.0	μA
۱ <sup>CC</sup>	Increase in I <sub>CC</sub> per Input	$V_{IH} = V_{CC} - 0.6V$	2.3 to 3.6		500	μΑ

## **AC Electrical Characteristics**

Symbol			$T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $+85^{\circ}C$ , $R_L = 500\Omega$						
	Parameter	V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.	$3V \pm 0.3V$	$V_{CC} = 2.7V$		$V_{CC}=\textbf{2.5V}\pm\textbf{0.2V}$		Units	
	Farameter	C <sub>L</sub> =	C <sub>L</sub> = 50pF C <sub>L</sub> = 50pF		50pF	C <sub>L</sub> =			
		Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max		
t <sub>PHL</sub>	Propagation Delay	1.5	6.0	1.5	7.0	1.5	7.2	ns	
t <sub>PLH</sub>	An to Qn	1.5	6.0	1.5	7.0	1.5	7.2		
t <sub>PHL</sub>	Propagation Delay	1.5	6.5	1.5	7.5	1.5	8.4	ns	
t <sub>PLH</sub>	E3 to Qn	1.5	6.5	1.5	7.5	1.5	8.4		
t <sub>PHL</sub>	Propagation Delay	1.5	6.0	1.5	7.0	1.5	7.2		
t <sub>PLH</sub>	E1 or E2 to Qn	1.5	6.0	1.5	7.0	1.5	7.2	ns	
tOSHL	Output to Output Skew (Note 4)		1.0					ns	
t <sub>OSLH</sub>			1.0					ns	

Note 4: Skew is defined as the absolute value of the difference between the actual propagation delay for any two separate outputs of the same device. The specification applies to any outputs switching in the same direction, either HIGH-to-LOW (t<sub>OSHL</sub>) or LOW-to-HIGH (t<sub>OSLH</sub>).

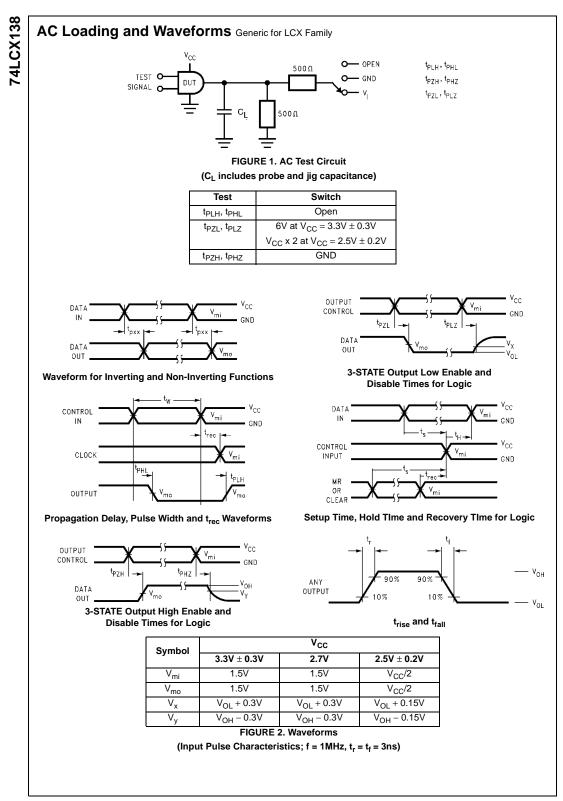
## **Dynamic Switching Characteristics**

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	V <sub>cc</sub> (V)	T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C Typical	Units
V <sub>OLP</sub>	Quiet Output Dynamic Peak V <sub>OL</sub>	$C_L = 50 \text{ pF}, \text{ V}_{IH} = 3.3 \text{ V}, \text{ V}_{IL} = 0 \text{ V}$	3.3	0.8	V
		$C_L = 30 \text{ pF}, \text{ V}_{IH} = 2.5 \text{V}, \text{ V}_{IL} = 0 \text{V}$	2.5	0.6	v
V <sub>OLV</sub>	Quiet Output Dynamic Valley V <sub>OL</sub>	$C_L = 50 \text{ pF}, \text{ V}_{IH} = 3.3 \text{ V}, \text{ V}_{IL} = 0 \text{ V}$	3.3	-0.8	V
		$C_L=30 \text{ pF},  V_{IH}=2.5 \text{V},  V_{IL}=0 \text{V}$	2.5	-0.6	v

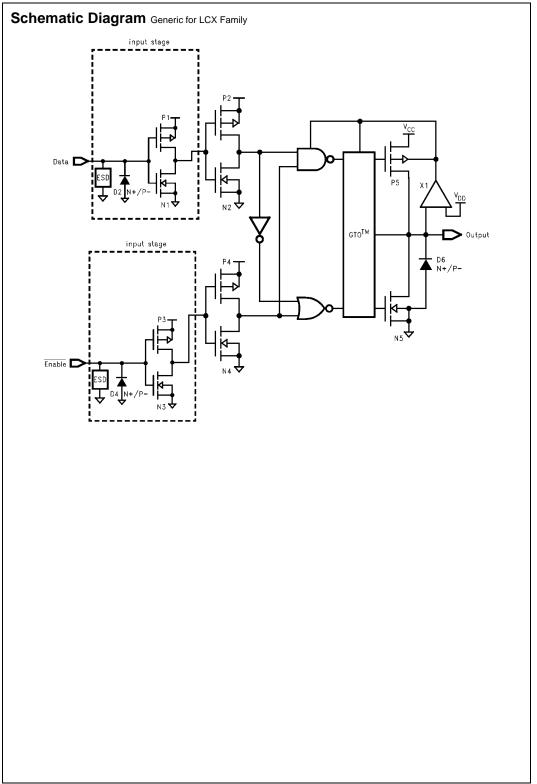
# Capacitance

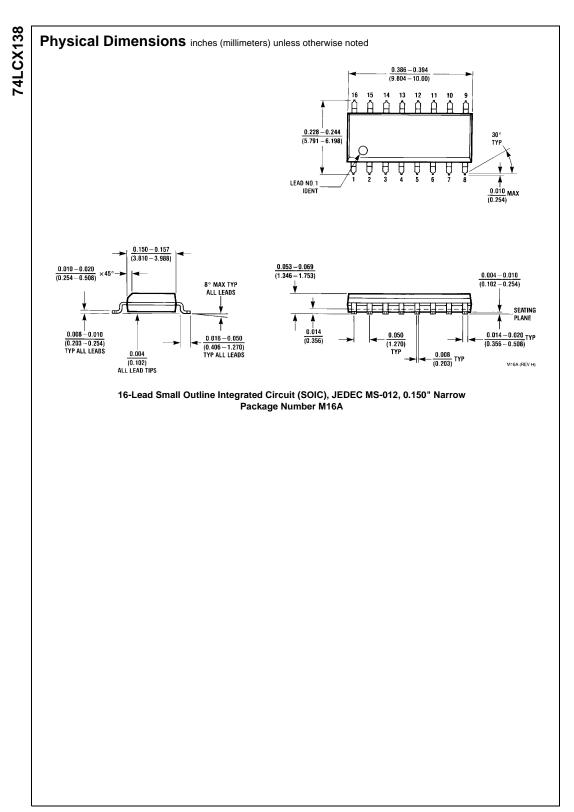
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Typical	Units
CIN	Input Capacitance	$V_{CC} = Open, V_I = 0V \text{ or } V_{CC}$	7.0	pF
C <sub>OUT</sub>	Output Capacitance	$V_{CC} = 3.3$ V, $V_I = 0$ V or $V_{CC}$	8.0	pF
C <sub>PD</sub>	Power Dissipation Capacitance	$V_{CC} = 3.3V$ , $V_I = 0V$ or $V_{CC}$ , f = 10 MHz	25.0	pF

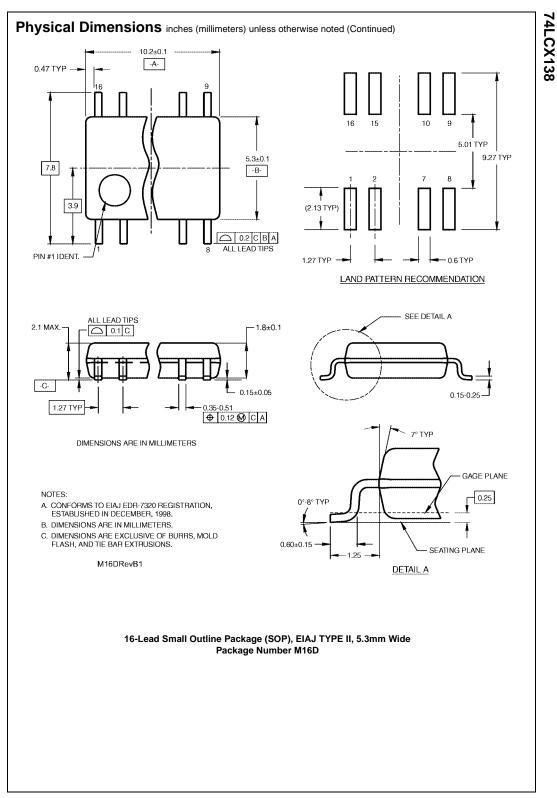
74LCX138

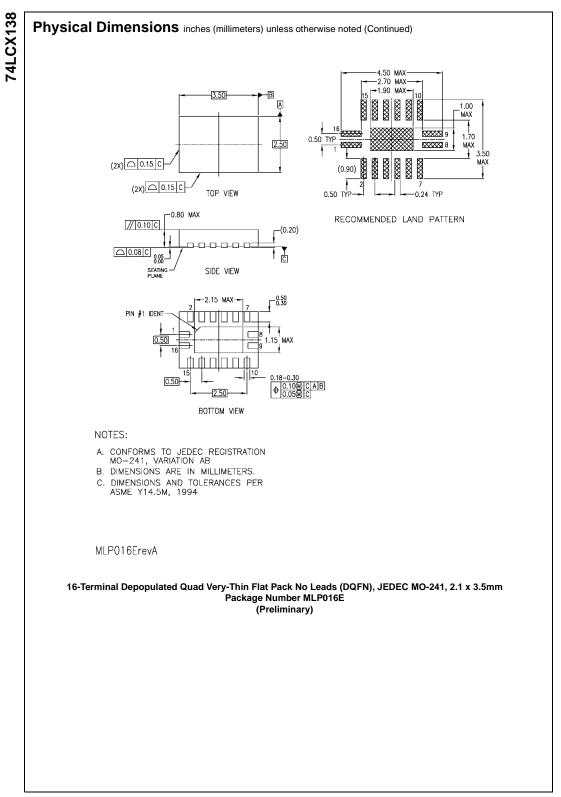


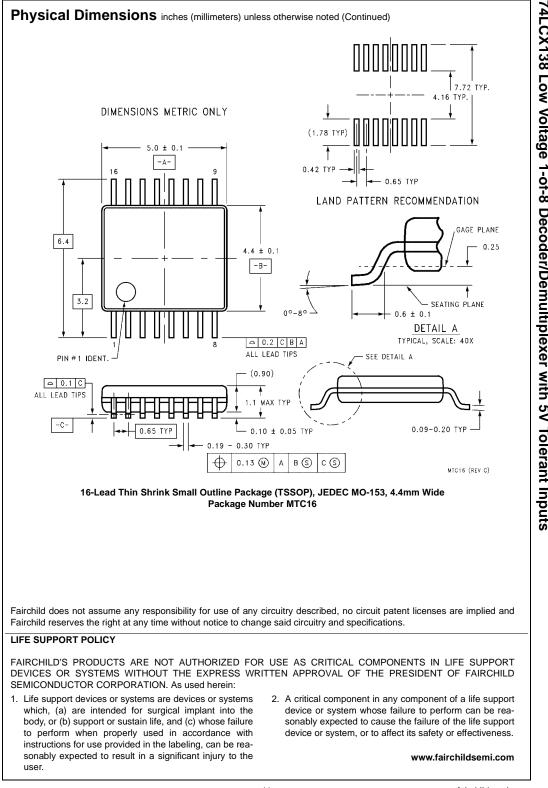
6











11